

## **Supplementary Material**

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 Table i. COVID 19 remobilization guidance.

	COVID 1	COVID 19 Remobilisation Guidance- Aide memoir		
	Low (Green) Risk Pathway Standard Infection Control Precautions and Extended Use of FRSM	Med (Amber) Risk Pathway Droplet and Airborne Precautions and Extended Use of FRSM	High (Red) Risk Pathway Droplet and Airborne Precautions	
Pathway Definitions	<ul> <li>Any care area where:</li> <li>a) triaged/clinically assessed individuals with-</li> <li>no symptoms</li> <li>no known recent contact with a COVID-19 case</li> <li>who have limited social contacts, followed strict physical distancing and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Any care area where:</li> <li>a) triaged/clinically assessed</li> <li>individuals with-</li> <li>no symptoms and do not meet the criteria for GREEN or RED PATHWAYS</li> <li>OR</li> <li>b) testing is not required or feasible on asymptomatic</li> </ul>	Any care area where: a) confirmed COVID-19 positive individuals <i>OR</i> b) symptomatic/ suspected COVID-19 individuals <i>OR</i> c) Those who have had contact with a confirmed	

	<ul> <li>hand hygiene guidance for 14 days prior to surgery.</li> <li>AND <ul> <li>have a negative COVID-19 test up to 72 hours* of treatment defined by speciality</li> <li>and, for planned admissions, have self- isolated from the test date /or other date defined by speciality.</li> </ul> </li> <li>OR <ul> <li>Recovered from COVID 19*See de-escalation advice on COVID</li> <li>HUB. Discuss with Cons</li> <li>Microbiologist</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	individuals and infectious status is unknown <i>OR</i> c) asymptomatic individuals who decline testing	COVID 19 case and still within 14-day isolation period and those who have been tested and result awaited. <i>OR</i> d)Individual who has returned from a country on the quarantine list in the last 14 days <i>OR</i> e) untriaged/non assessed individuals where symptoms are unknown <i>OR</i> f) Symptomatic individuals who decline testing
	Elective surgery Planned Endoscopy/Colonoscopy	Provided the patients have <b>NO</b> <b>SYMPTOMS</b> - Emergency/Urgent admits/Interhospital transfers/OPD clinics/ OPD Radiology/OPD Cardiac Services	Emergency admits (with symptoms or unable to assess) Any area with a confirmed /suspected patient
Patient wears a FRSM	Yes, when out with patient room or in a communal clinical area e.g. PACU. If oxygen mask worn this is not required.	Yes, when out with patient room or in a communal clinical area e.g. PACU. If oxygen mask worn this is not required. Yes, if tolerated and it de not compromise their ca If oxygen mask worn thi not required.	
Pathway door notice	YES	YES	YES
Care Standard	Not required	Not required	Required

Patient Place	ement	Isolation not required unless the patient has another alert organism/condition. Waiting areas/Discharge lounges seating must comply with physical distancing	Inpatients-Isolate in a single room /Consult room Waiting areas/Discharge lounges seating must comply with physical distancing	Isolate in Single room/Consult room
PPE Direct	Gloves	If contact with blood and body fluids (BBF) anticipated - wear single use gloves	If contact with blood and body fluids anticipated - wear single use gloves	During all direct contact wear single use gloves
Patient Care (Non- AGP)	Apron	If contact with <b>patient, their</b> <b>environment or BBF</b> anticipated - wear single use apron. If extensive splashing is expected - wear single use gown	If contact with <b>patient, their</b> <b>environment or BBF</b> anticipated - wear single use apron. If extensive splashing is expected - wear single use gown	During all direct contact (within 2 metres)-wear a single use apron. If extensive splashing is anticipated -wear a single use gown.
	FRSM	Sessional use of Fluid Resistant Surgical Masks Type IIR to be worn in clinical areas	Sessional use of Fluid Resistant Surgical Masks Type IIR to be worn in clinical areas	Wear Type IIR FRSM for all direct contact. Single Use
	Eye Face Protection	If splashing or spraying with BBF anticipated - wear single use Eye/face protection	If splashing or spraying with BBF anticipated - wear single use Eye/face protection	During all direct contact (within 2 metres) wear eye/face protection
AGP PPE	Gloves Apron/Gown	Wear single use gloves Wear single use apron. If extensive splashing is expected - wear single use gown	Wear single use gloves Wear single use gown	Wear single use gloves Wear single use gown
	FFP3	FFP3 not required. Sessional use of Fluid Resistant Surgical Masks Type IIR to be worn in clinical areas.	Wear single use FFP3	Wear single use FFP3

pro Pos	e & Face otection st AGP low time	Wear single use eye & face protection Not applicable	Wear single use eye & face protection Post AGP fallow time required, this time is based on air changes. During this time airborne precautions are still required. Min droplet settling time before cleaning can commence is 10 mins	Wear single use eye & face protection Post AGP fallow time required, this time is based on air changes. During this time airborne precautions are still required. Min droplet settling time before cleaning can commence is 10 mins
Critical Care		Don PPE as per Direct Care and AGP PPE for a green pathway.	Due to the risk of inadvertent circuit break during ventilation, staff performing "hands on care" will don AMBER AGP PPE prior to entering the patient's room while a patient is ventilated and during any other AGPs.	Staff will don RED AGP PPE prior to entering the patient's room.
Operating Theatres		Routine SICPS apply (unless other alert organism) No Post AGP fallow time required Patients can be recovered in a green recovery	Inform theatres of patients on amber pathway in advance. Admit straight to theatre Recover in theatre or designated amber recovery Cath Lab - Do not recover in recovery bay	Inform theatre of patients of red patients in advance. Admit straight to theatre Recover in theatre Cath Lab - do not recover in recovery bay
		Standard Infection Control Precautions	Manage as infectious linen	Manage as infectious linen
Care of Waste Standard Infe Precautions		Standard Infection Control Precautions	All waste generated is healthcare waste	All waste generated is healthcare waste

Care of The Environment	Unless isolation required for another alert organism/condition- - Detergent and water routine daily clean - Routine discharge clean with detergent and water -Spillages of blood and body fluids as per policy	- Twice dail Terminal cle 1,000 pppm inpatient ro - 4 hrs betw - OPD patien surfaces and 1,000 ppm A patient leav	een twice daily cleans nts, clean horizontal d equipment with Actichlor plus when	<ul> <li>Fans cannot be used in rooms</li> <li>Twice daily cleaning of patient rooms required using 1,000 pppm Actichlor Plus</li> <li>4 hrs between twice daily cleans</li> <li>Terminal clean with 1,000 pppm Actichlor Plus on resolution of symptoms/transfer or discharge</li> <li>Curtain change <u>required</u></li> </ul>
Care of Equipment	As per SICPs Detergent clean of patient equipment Spillages of blood/body fluids as per policy	Single use items where possible Reusable items should be dedicated to the room Where this isn't possible decontaminate between patients with 1,000 ppm Actichlor Plus		Single use items where possible Reusable items should be dedicated to the room Where this isn't possible decontaminate between patients with 1,000 ppm Actichlor Plus
Visitors (where permitted)	Named visitor/Visitor to wear face covering Visitors must not have symptoms or be self-isolating	covering Vis	tor/Visitor to wear face sitors must not have or be self-isolating	Essential Visitors/Visitor to wear FRSM or FFP3 (if visiting during/ following an AGP). Visitors must not have symptoms or be self- isolating.
Transport to /from hospital	GREEN AND AMBER PATHWAY Transport to hospital		RED PATHWAY	

<ul> <li>Use of a car from within the same household</li> <li>Use of a car from family / friends</li> <li>Use of a car from family / friends</li> <li>bubble</li> <li>Public transport and private commerce</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Use of a car from family / friends and from hospital.</li> </ul>	ort to
	,
bubble     • Public transport and private commerce	
	ial
<ul> <li>Use of hospital provided transport vehicles should not be used. The patie</li> </ul>	ent
<ul> <li>Use of private transport should not walk to hospital.</li> </ul>	
And only when all of the above have been • The patient should be given clear inst	ructions
exhausted the use of public transport is on what to do when they get to the ho	spital to
<u>considered</u> . minimise risk of exposure to staff, oth	er
The link below gives further guidance for patients and visitors.	
patients and families utilising public <ul> <li>If the patient is driving their own car,</li> </ul>	hey
transport. may drive to the hospital providing th	e
hospital is aware and has arranged to	meet
https://www.gov.uk/guidance/coronavirus- them and ensure a secure route from	
covid-19-safer-travel-guidance-for- to an isolation room (no waiting in co	mmunal
passengers areas).	
<ul> <li>If the patient is accompanied by some</li> </ul>	one else
NB Air travel will break social precautions with their own car, that person can tra	nsport
and self-isolation. the patient, provided and that person	· · ·
already had significant exposure and	
that the patient has possible/confirme	
COVID-19 and is content to transport	
patient. The patient should-	
1. Sit in the rear of the car, wear a face mas	k (and
driver should)	
2. The car should be well ventilated with an	open
window.	· ·
3. Ensure the patient has a supply of tissues	and a
waste bag for disposal for the duration of	
journey.	

<ol> <li>The waste bag should then be disposed of at the destination, either as clinical waste if going to hospital, or taken into their house and held for a period of 72 hours before disposal with general household waste if returning home.</li> <li>If none of the above are possible, the Scottish Ambulance Service (SAS) should be contacted to</li> </ol>
arrange transport. Inform the SAS that the patient meets the case definition for possible COVID-19