Table i. Eligibility for payment of the Best Practice Tariff

| All timepoints | Admissions from April 2010 | Admissions from April 2012 | Admissions from April 2017 |
|--|--|--|---|
| Aged ≥ 60 yrs at admission | Admitted under named orthopaedic surgeon | Admitted under named orthopaedic surgeon | Timely geriatrician assessment (< 72 hrs) |
| Valid NHS number | Admitted under named geriatrician | Admitted under named geriatrician | Specialist falls assessment |
| Timely operation (time to surgery < 36 hrs from arrival at ED) | Admitted using a joint assessment protocol | Admitted using a joint assessment protocol | Bone therapy assessment |
| | Timely geriatrician assessment (< 72 hrs) | Timely geriatrician assessment (< 72 hrs) | Documentation of preoperative AMTS |
| | Rehabilitation assessment | Rehabilitation assessment | Delirium assessment |
| | Specialist falls assessment | Specialist falls assessment | Physiotherapist assessment |
| | Bone therapy assessment | Bone therapy assessment | Nutrition assessment |
| | | Documentation of preoperative AMTS | |
| | | Documentation of postoperative AMTS | |

ED, emergency department; AMTS, Abbreviated Mental Test Score, N/A, not applicable

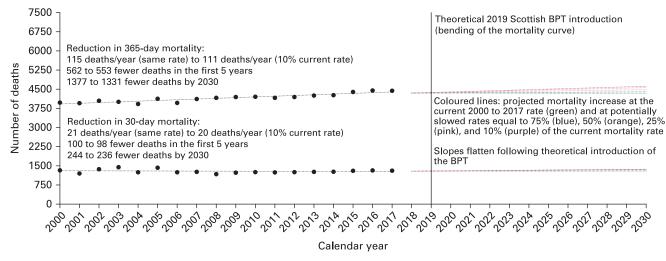
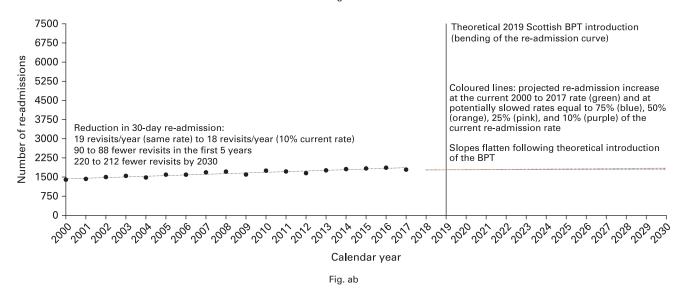


Fig. aa



Projected reductions in: a) 30- and 365-day mortality; and b) 30-day re-admission were the Best Practice Tariff (BPT) to be introduced in Scotland in 2019, assuming that pre-existing mortality changes continue at the same rate (1377 deaths averted by 2030), 75% of the current rate, 50%, 25%, and 10% (1331 deaths averted by 2030).